of this occurrence, the appropriate Regional Administrator must be notified immediately by telephone. During other than normal working hours, the NRC Operations Center must be notified.

[54 FR 24494, June 7, 1989, as amended at 58 FR 31470, June 3, 1993]

§ 26.28 Appeals.

Each licensee subject to this part, and each contractor or vendor implementing a fitness-for-duty program under the provisions of §26.23, shall establish a procedure for licensee and contractor or vendor employees to appeal a positive alcohol or drug determination. The procedure must provide notice and an opportunity to respond and may be an impartial internal management review. A licensee review procedure need not be provided to employees of contractors or vendors when the contractor or vendor is administering his own alcohol and drug testing.

§ 26.29 Protection of information.

(a) Each licensee subject to this part, who collects personal information on an individual for the purpose of complying with this part, shall establish and maintain a system of files and procedures for the protection of the personal information. This system must be maintained until the Commission terminates each license for which the system was developed.

(b) Licensees, contractors, and vendors shall not disclose the personal information collected and maintained to persons other than assigned Medical Review Officers, other licensees or their authorized representatives legitimately seeking the information as required by this part for unescorted access decisions and who have obtained a release from current or prospective employees or contractor personnel, NRC representatives, appropriate law enforcement officials under court order, the subject individual or his or her representative, or to those licensee representatives who have a need to have access to the information in performing assigned duties, including audits of licensee's, contractor's, and vendor's programs, to persons deciding matters on review or appeal, and to other persons pursuant to court order.

This section does not authorize the licensee, contractor, or vendor to withhold evidence of criminal conduct from law enforcement officials.

INSPECTIONS, RECORDS, AND REPORTS

§26.70 Inspections.

- (a) Each licensee subject to this part shall permit duly authorized representatives of the Commission to inspect, copy, or take away copies of its records and inspect its premises, activities, and personnel as may be necessary to accomplish the purposes of this part.
- (b) Written agreements between licensees and their contractors and vendors must clearly show that the—
- (1) Licensee is responsible to the Commission for maintaining an effective fitness-for-duty program in accordance with this part; and
- (2) Duly authorized representatives of the Commission may inspect, copy, or take away copies of any licensee, contractor, or vendor's documents, records, and reports related to implementation of the licensee's, contractor's, or vendor's fitness-for-duty program under the scope of the contracted activities.

§ 26.71 Recordkeeping requirements.

Each licensee subject to this part and each contractor and vendor implementing a licensee approved program under the provisions of §26.23 shall—

- (a) Retain records of inquiries conducted in accordance with §26.27(a), that result in the granting of unescorted access to protected areas, until five years following termination of such access authorizations;
- (b) Retain records of confirmed positive test results which are concurred in by the Medical Review Officer, and the related personnel actions for a period of at least five years;
- (c) Retain records of persons made ineligible for three years or longer for assignment to activities within the scope of this part under the provisions of §26.27(b) (2), (3), (4) or (c), until the Commission terminates each license under which the records were created; and
- (d) Collect and compile fitness-forduty program performance data on a standard form and submit this data to

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the Commission within 60 days of the end of each 6-month reporting period (January-June and July-December). The data for each site (corporate and other support staff locations may be separately consolidated) must include: random testing rate; drugs tested for and cut-off levels, including results of tests using lower cut-off levels and tests for other drugs; workforce populations tested; numbers of tests and results by population, and type of test (i.e., pre-access, random, for-cause, etc.); substances identified; summary of management actions; and a list of events reported. The data must be analyzed and appropriate actions taken to correct program weaknesses. The data and analysis must be retained for three years. Any licensee choosing to temporarily suspend individuals under the provisions of §26.24(d) must report test results by process stage (i.e., onsite screening, laboratory screening, confirmatory tests, and MRO determinations) and the number of temporary suspensions or other administrative actions taken against individuals based on onsite unconfirmed screening positives for marijuana (THC) and for cocaine.

[54 FR 24494, June 7, 1989, as amended at 57 FR 55444, Nov. 25, 1992]

§26.73 Reporting requirements.

- (a) Each licensee subject to this part shall inform the Commission of significant fitness-for-duty events including:
- (1) Sale, use, or possession of illegal drugs within the protected area and,
- (2) Any acts by any person licensed under 10 CFR part 55 to operate a power reactor or by any supervisory personnel assigned to perform duties within the scope of this part—
- (i) Involving the sale, use, or possession of a controlled substance,
- (ii) Resulting in confirmed positive tests on such persons,
- (iii) Involving use of alcohol within the protected area, or
- (iv) Resulting in a determination of unfitness for scheduled work due to the consumption of alcohol.
- (b) Notifications must be made to the NRC Operations Center by telephone within 24 hours of the discovery of the event by the licensee.

- (c) Fitness-for-duty events shall be reported under this section rather than reported under the provisions of §73.71.
- (d) By November 30, 1993 each licensee who is authorized to possess, use, or transport formula quantities of SSNM shall certify to the NRC that it has implemented a fitness-for-duty program that meets the requirements of 10 CFR part 26. The certification shall describe any licensee cut-off levels more stringent than those imposed by this part.

[54 FR 24494, June 7, 1989; 54 FR 47451, Nov. 14, 1989, as amended at 58 FR 31470, June 3, 1993]

AUDITS

§ 26.80 Audits.

- (a) Each licensee subject to this part shall audit the fitness-for-duty program nominally every 12 months. In addition, audits must be conducted, nominally every 12 months, of those portions of fitness-for-duty programs implemented by contractors and vendors. Licensees may accept audits of contractors and vendors conducted by other licensees and need not re-audit the same contractor or vendor for the same period of time. Each sharing utility shall maintain a copy of the audit report, to include findings, ommendations and corrective actions. Licensees retain responsibility for the effectiveness of contractor and vendor programs and the implementation of appropriate corrective action.
- (b) Audits must focus on the effectiveness of the program and be conducted by individuals qualified in the subject(s) being audited, and independent of both fitness-for-duty program management and personnel directly responsible for implementation of the fitness-for-duty program.
- (c) The result of the audit, along with recommendations, if any, must be documented and reported to senior corporate and site management. The resolution of the audit findings and corrective actions must be documented. These documents must be retained for three years. NRC Guidelines require licensee audits of HHS-certified laboratories as described in appendix A.